

# Introducing the ReSolve Project

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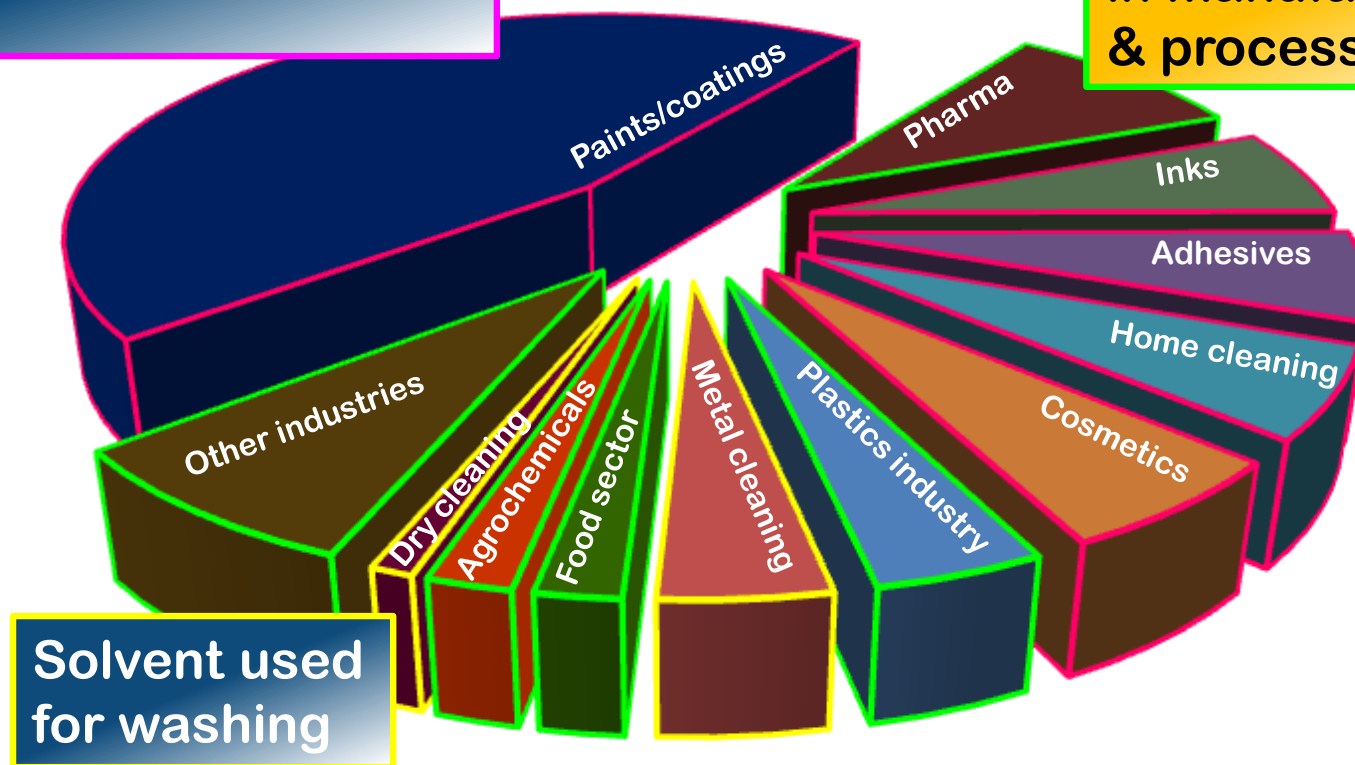
This project has received funding from the Bio Based Industries Joint Undertaking under the European Union's Horizon2020 research and innovation programme under agreement No 745450.

# Solvent market

Market: 20 Million  
Tonnes /year

Solvent is the major  
ingredient (the 'wet' bit)

Solvent is needed  
in manufacturing  
& processing



Solvent used  
for washing

ESIG data, 1997

- REACH regulation introduced to protect human health and the environment from risks posed by chemicals
  - Restriction of use of certain solvents
- ReSolve project targeting the replacement of two solvents restricted under REACH regulation:
  - NMP – categorised as a Substance of Very High Concern (SVHC) and restriction for certain uses in place from 2020
  - Toluene – restricted for products supplied to the public
- Conventional solvents generally fossil-based
  - Substitution with sustainable bio-based alternatives

## 1-methyl-2-pyrrolidone

Regulatory process names 3 Translated names 34 CAS names 1 IUPAC names 19 Trade names 16 Other identifiers 5

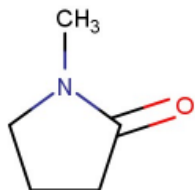


### Substance identity

**EC / List no.:** 212-828-1

**CAS no.:** 872-50-4

**Mol. formula:** C<sub>5</sub>H<sub>9</sub>NO



### About this substance

This substance is manufactured and/or imported in the European Economic Area in 10 000 - 100 000 tonnes per year.

This substance is used in articles, by professional workers (widespread uses), in formulation or re-packing, at industrial sites and in manufacturing.

### Hazard classification & labelling



*Danger!* According to the **harmonised classification and labelling** (ATP09) approved by the European Union, this substance may damage the unborn child, causes serious eye irritation, causes skin irritation and may cause respiratory irritation.

**Additionally**, the classification provided by companies to ECHA in **REACH registrations** identifies that this substance may damage fertility or the unborn child.

### Properties of concern



Toxic to Reproduction

### Important to know

- Substance of very high concern (SVHC) and included in the [candidate list](#) for authorisation.
- Some uses of this substance are restricted under [Annex XVII of REACH](#).

### How to use it safely

- ECHA has no data from registration dossiers on the precautionary measures for using this substance.
- [Guidance on the safe use of the substance](#) provided by manufacturers and importers of this substance.

<https://echa.europa.eu/substance-information/-/substanceinfo/100.011.662>

## Toluene

Translated names 13 CAS names 1 IUPAC names 16 Trade names 23 Other identifiers 4

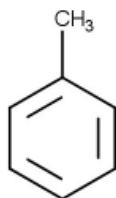


### Substance identity

**EC / List no.:** 203-625-9

**CAS no.:** 108-88-3

**Mol. formula:** C<sub>7</sub>H<sub>8</sub>



### Hazard classification & labelling



*Danger!* According to the **harmonised classification and labelling** (CLP00) approved by the European Union, this substance may be fatal if swallowed and enters airways, is a highly flammable liquid and vapour, is suspected of damaging the unborn child, may cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure, causes skin irritation and may cause drowsiness or dizziness.

**Additionally**, the classification provided by companies to ECHA in **REACH registrations** identifies that this substance is suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child, is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects and causes serious eye irritation.



### Properties of concern



Possibly Toxic to Reproduction

### Important to know



- Substance included in the [Community Rolling Action Plan \(CoRAP\)](#).
- Some uses of this substance are restricted under [Annex XVII of REACH](#).

### How to use it safely



- [Precautionary measures](#) suggested by manufacturers and importers of this substance.
- [Guidance on the safe use of the substance](#) provided by manufacturers and importers of this substance.

### About this substance



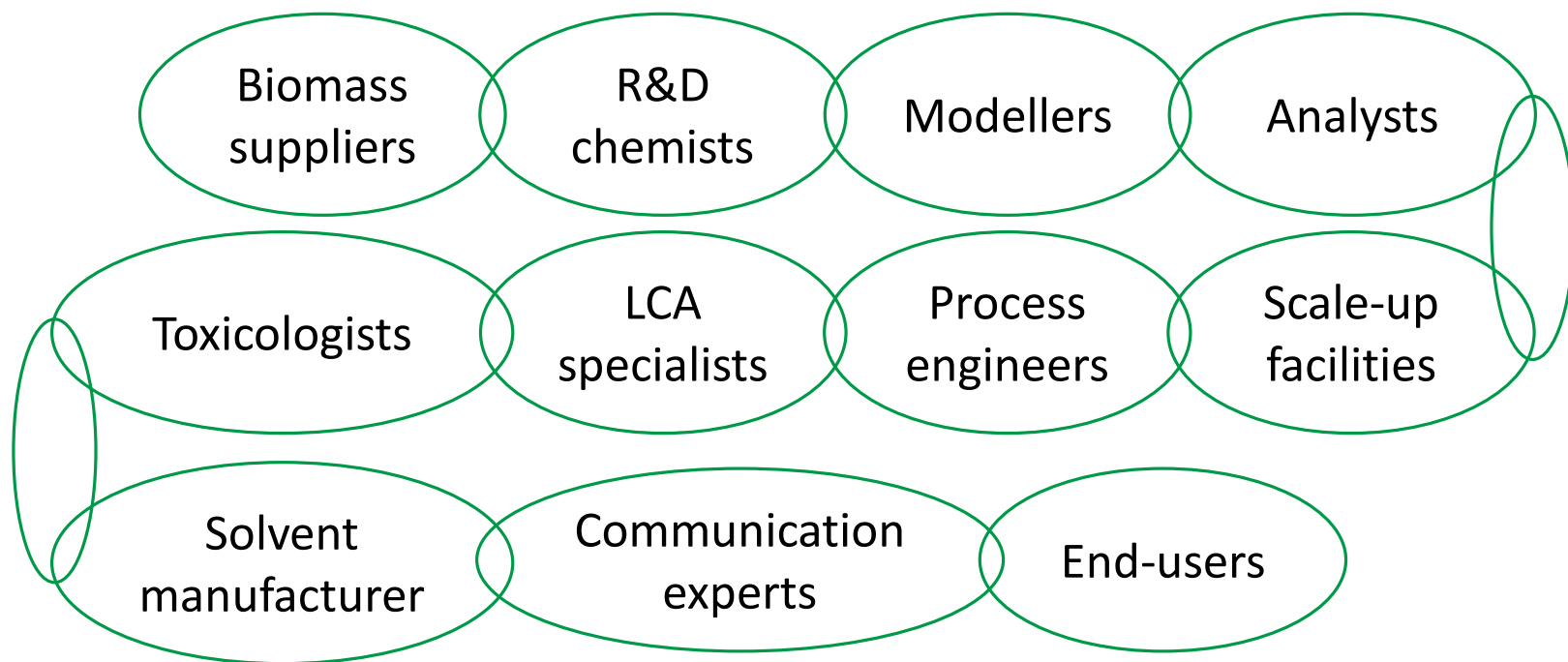
This substance is manufactured and/or imported in the European Economic Area in 1 000 000 - 10 000 000 tonnes per year.

This substance is used by consumers, in articles, by professional workers (widespread uses), in formulation or re-packing, at industrial sites and in manufacturing.

<https://echa.europa.eu/substance-information/-/substanceinfo/100.003.297>

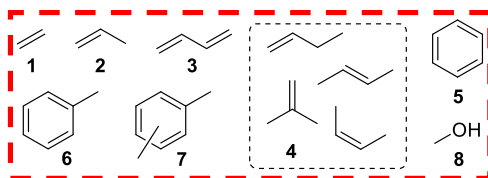
- Replacement of NMP by similar solvents
  - DMF and DMAc already categorised as SVHC
  - Other N-containing solvents are likely to pose a similar risk to both health and the environment
- Toluene used as the easy solution to replace benzene
  - However causes organ damage and suspected of damaging the unborn child
  - Xylenes used to replace toluene but have their own issues
- Need a new approach
  - Multi-disciplinary collaboration
  - Avoid similar structures (and risks) to the target solvents

- Bring together partners based throughout the value chain
- Developing a methodology that can be applied elsewhere



- Improved sustainability over fossil-based solvents
  - Use of renewable non-food carbohydrates - no competition with the food chain
  - Use of existing side streams e.g. sawdust, co-products from other processes
- Interesting structures providing in-built functionality

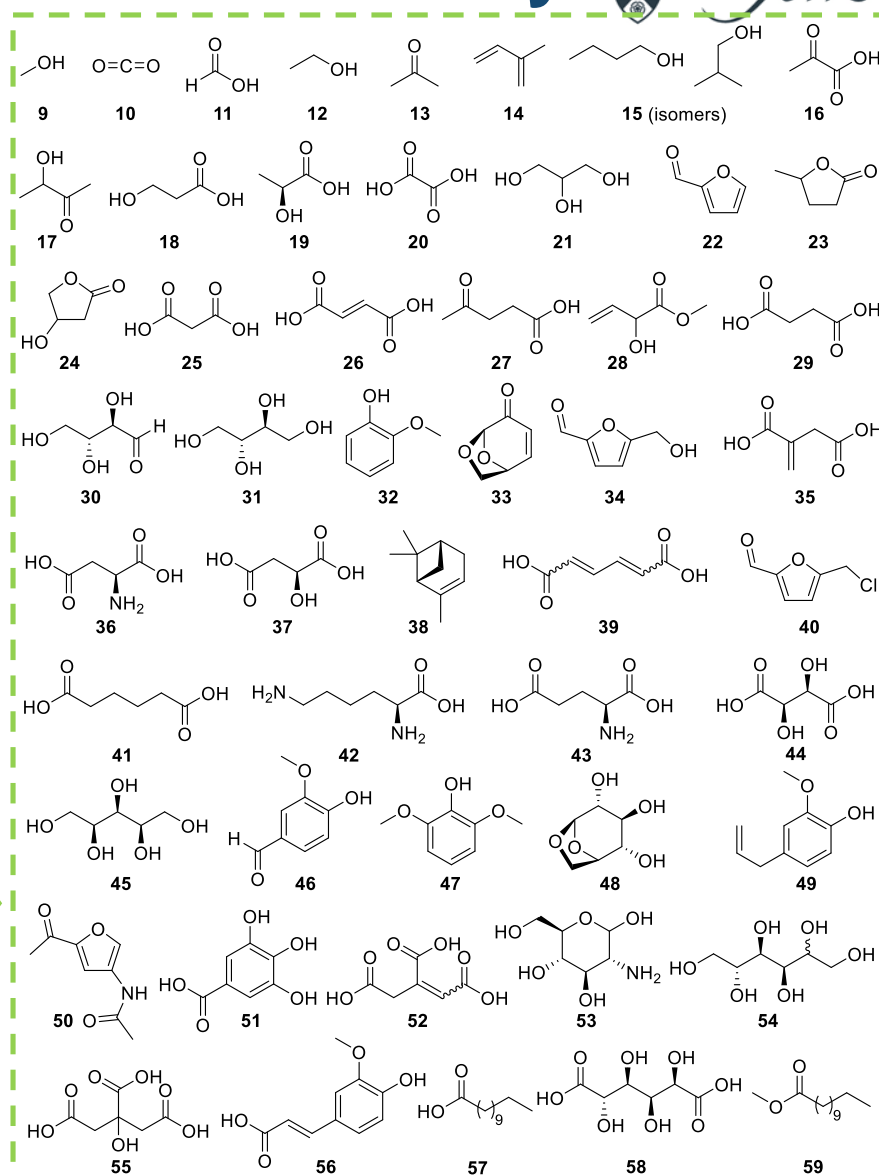




*Base chemicals*



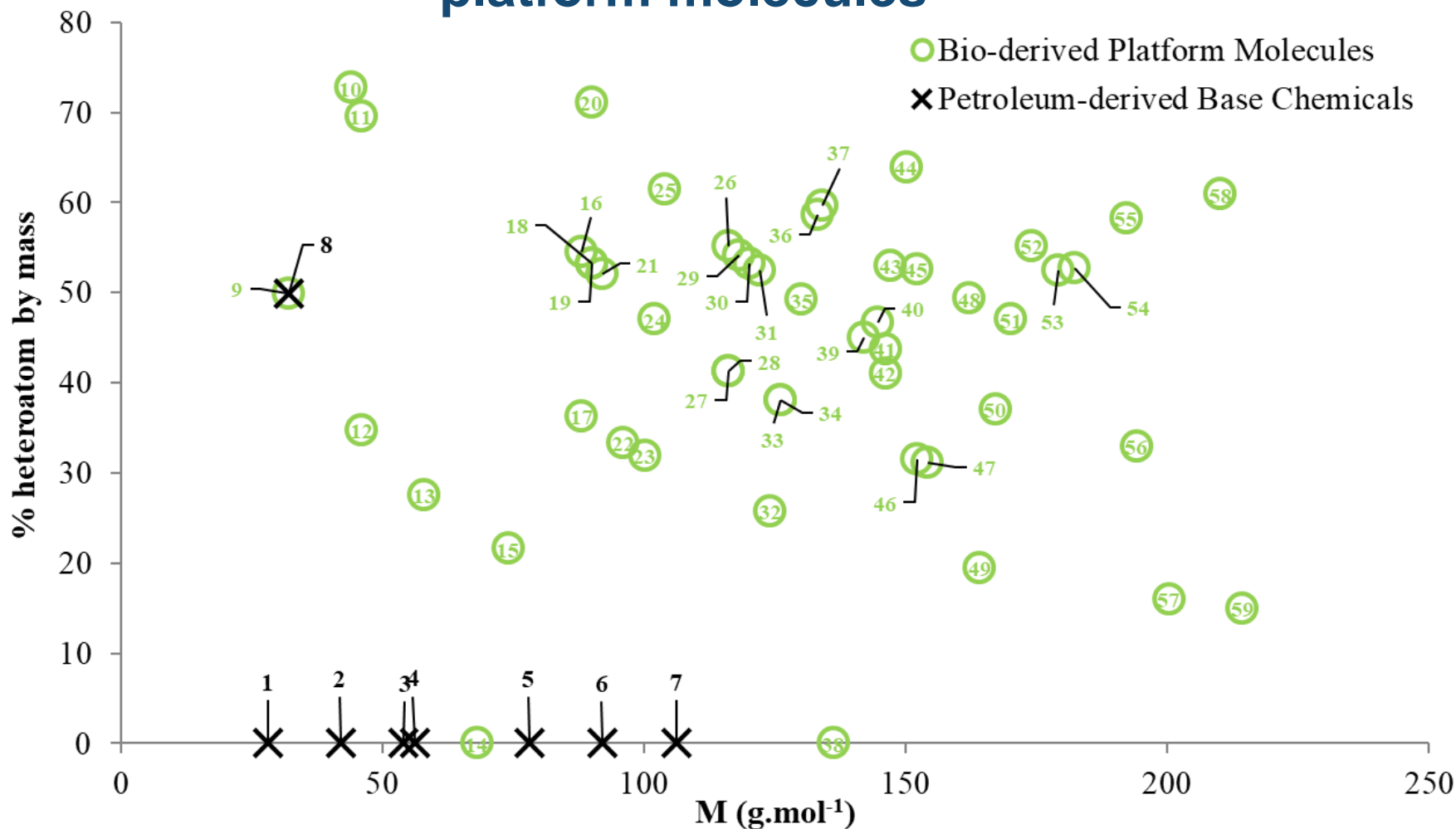
*Bio-based platform molecules*



[1] *BioLogicTool*: A Simple Visual Tool for Assisting in the Logical Selection of Pathways from Biomass to Products

Y. Lie, P. Ortiz, R. Vendamme, K. Vanbroekhoven & T. J. Farmer,  
*Ind. Eng. Chem. Res.*, 2019, 58, 15945-15957

# Higher heteroatom content of platform molecules

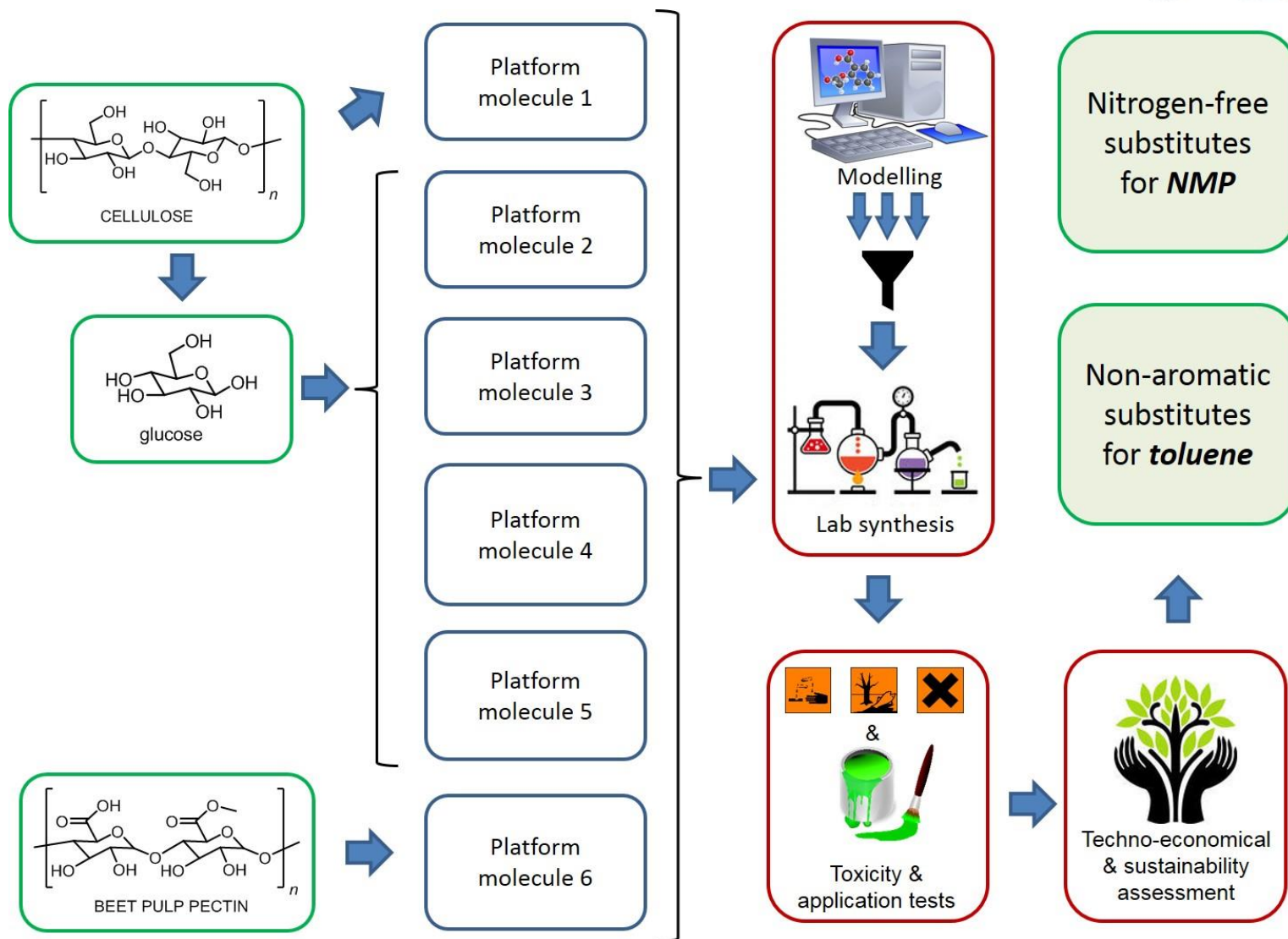


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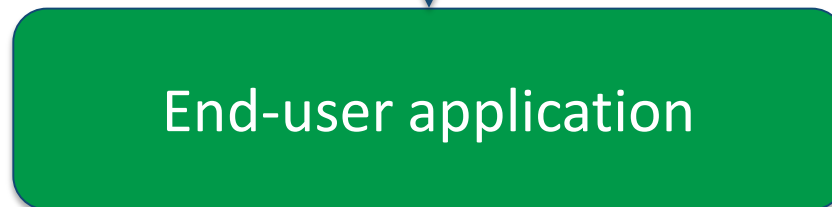
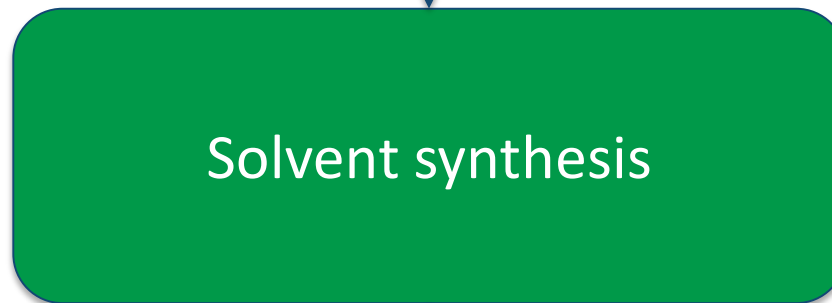
# Aims for project

- Two solvents to replace toluene and NMP that will:
  - Be derivable from non-food carbohydrates (bio-based)
  - Have a lower impact on health and the environment
  - Have high performance in target applications
- Offer economically viable and industry-relevant routes to manufacture

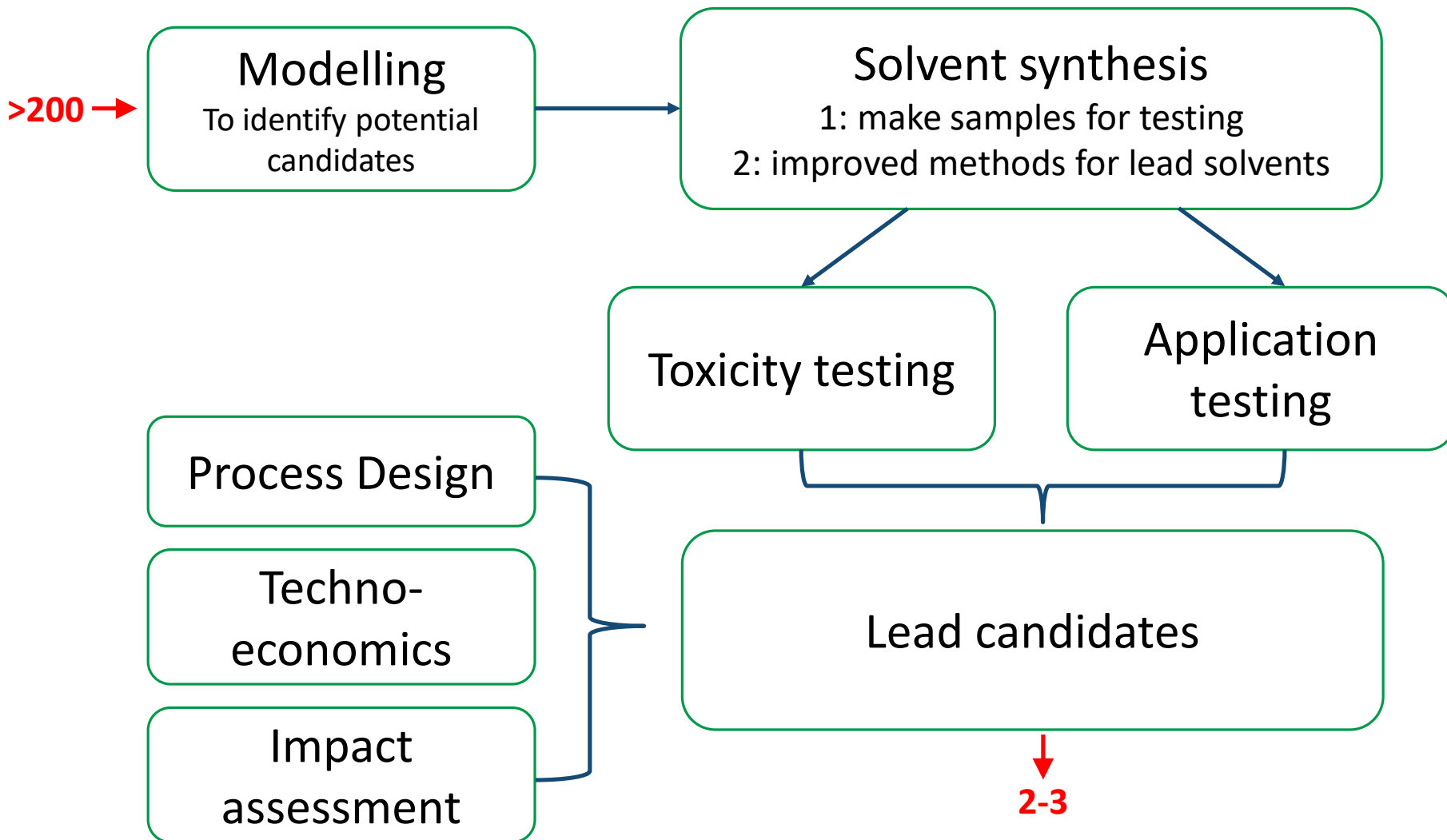
# The concept



# Value chain



# Project structure



Modelling

Solvent synthesis

Physical properties for >200 compounds  
calculated and compared with experimental data

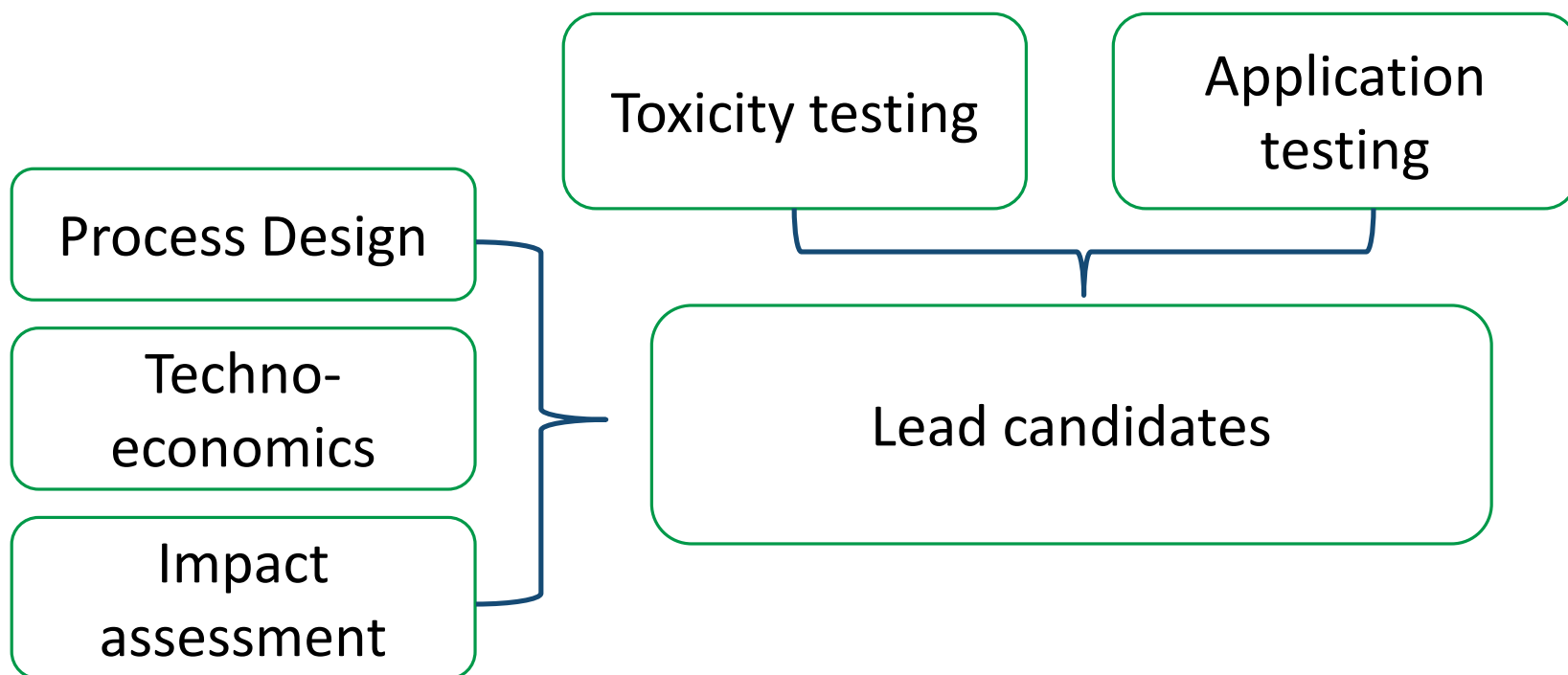
New method for calculating  
KAT parameters developed

doi: [10.3390/molecules24122209](https://doi.org/10.3390/molecules24122209)

Samples sent for toxicity  
and application testing

Solvents chosen for lab-  
scale up/improved methods

In the next talks you will hear more about:





- Pilot-scale testing of lead toluene replacement in an industrial setting
- Lab-scale up for the most promising additional solvents
- Life-Cycle Analysis and Techno-Economic Evaluation completed for key solvents
- Application case studies published

- ReSolve is running a Special Issue on “[Bio-based and Safer Solvents](#)” hosted by *Molecules* (MDPI, Open Access), **submission deadline May 2020**

The screenshot displays the Molecules journal website interface. At the top, a teal navigation bar contains links: MDPI, Journals A–Z, Information & Guidelines, Initiatives, and About. On the right of this bar are links for Login, Register, and Submit. Below the navigation bar is a search section with a 'molecules' logo, input fields for Title / Keyword and Author / Affiliation, dropdown menus for Journal (set to 'Molecules') and Article Type (set to 'all'), and a Search button. A yellow circular badge on the right indicates an 'IMPACT FACTOR 3.098'.

The main content area is divided into three columns. The left column features a 'Journal Menu' with a list of links including Molecules Home, Aims & Scope, Editorial Board, Instructions for Authors, Special Issues, Sections & Collections, Article Processing Charge, Indexing & Archiving, Most Cited & Viewed, Journal Statistics, Journal History, Journal Awards, Society Collaborations, and Editorial Office. Below this is an 'E-Mail Alert' section with a text input for an email address and a 'Subscribe' button. At the bottom left is a 'Journal Browser' with dropdown menus for volume and issue, and a 'Go' button.

The middle column is dedicated to the 'Special Issue "Bio-based and Safer Solvents"'. It lists links for Special Issue Editors, Special Issue Information, Keywords, and Published Papers. A paragraph states: 'A special issue of *Molecules* (ISSN 1420-3049). This special issue belongs to the section "Green Chemistry".' Below this, it specifies the 'Deadline for manuscript submissions: 31 May 2020'. There is a 'Share This Special Issue' section with icons for email, Twitter, LinkedIn, and Facebook. Further down is the 'Special Issue Editors' section, listing two guest editors: Dr. James Sherwood (Green Chemistry Centre of Excellence, Department of Chemistry, University of York, Heslington, York, YO10 5DD, UK; Website | E-Mail; Interests: bio-based solvents; solvent effects in organic synthesis) and Dr. Thomas J. Farmer (Green Chemistry Centre of Excellence, Department of Chemistry, University of York, Heslington, York).

The right column contains three buttons: 'Submit to Special Issue', 'Review for *Molecules*', and 'Edit a Special Issue'. Below these is the MDPI logo. At the bottom right is a teal box titled 'Invitation to Publish Your "One-Compound -Per-Paper" Short Notes' with the text 'Saving Your Potentially Useful'.

# Project partners

